

Capitalising on Technology for EL Oral Assessment: Change Management

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Background ICT in National Examinations in Singapore

Salient considerations

Construct Validity & Task Authenticity

Value of technology

Computer-based EL oral examinations

• Implementation and Change Management A Three-staged Approach

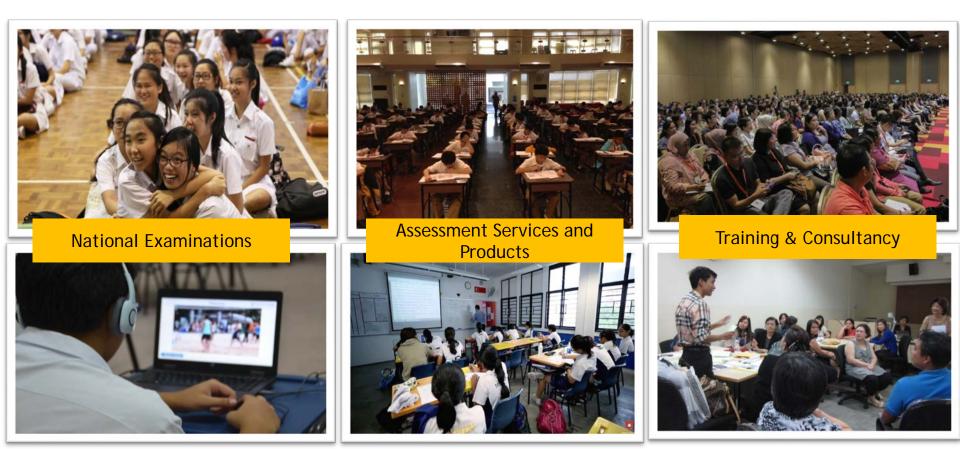
Background

About SEAB

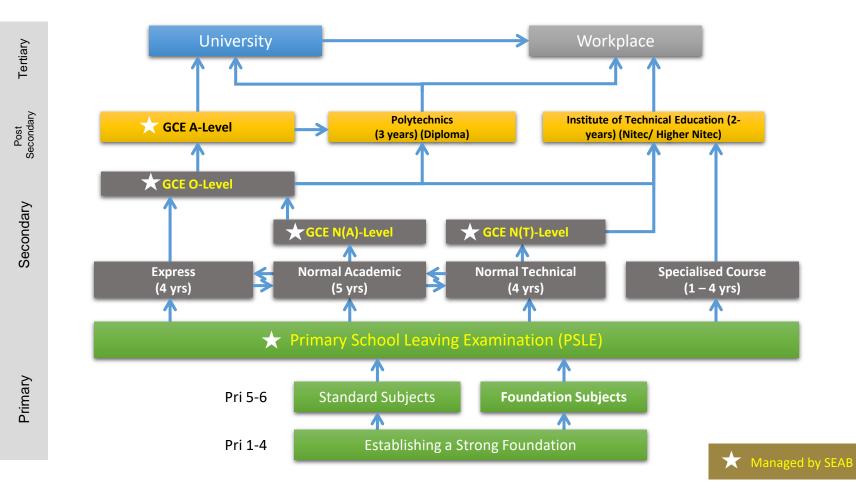
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Our Core Business



The Singapore Education and Examination System



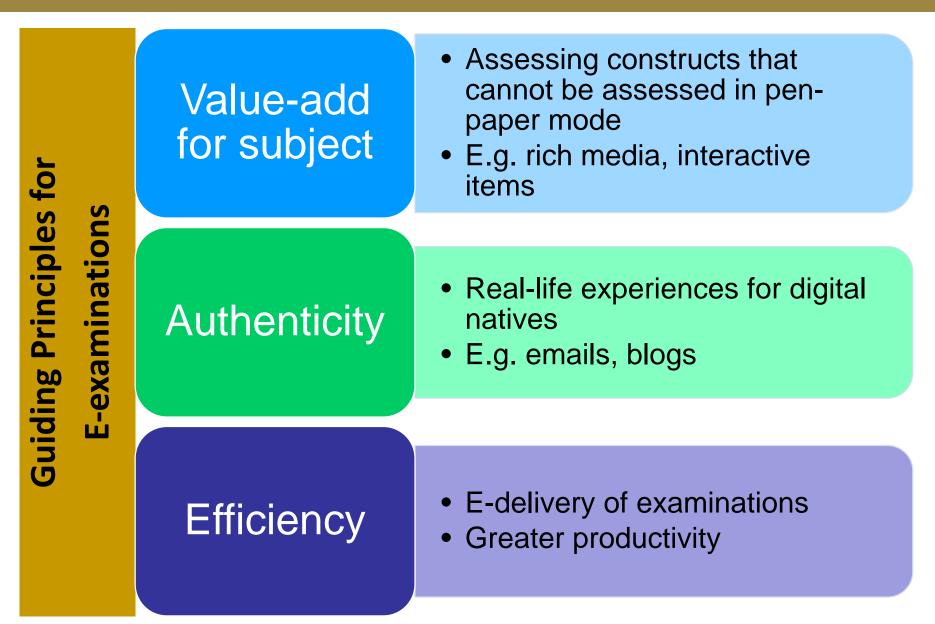
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MOE's Bilingual Policy

First Language: English

- Primary: PSLE at Grade 6
- Secondary: GCE N/O-Level examination at Grade 10
- Pre-university: GCE A-Level examination at Grade 12 (General Paper testing <u>critical thinking</u> and communication skills)
- Second Language: Mother Tongue Language (mainly Chinese, Malay and Tamil)

ICT in National Examinations in Singapore



Approach to e-Exam Implementation



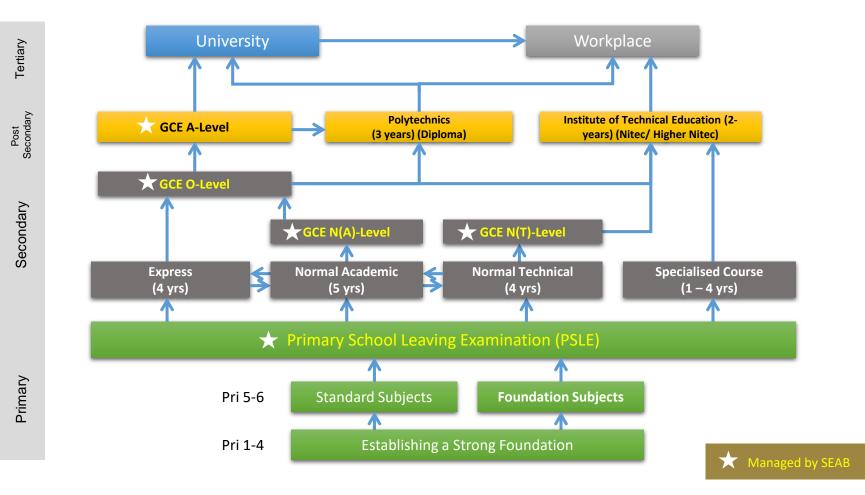
ICT in National Examinations in Singapore





English Language e-Oral Examination

The Singapore Education and Examination System

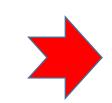


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N(T) EL ORAL (ICT-ENABLED)

Part 1: Reading Aloud

 Passage on computer screen



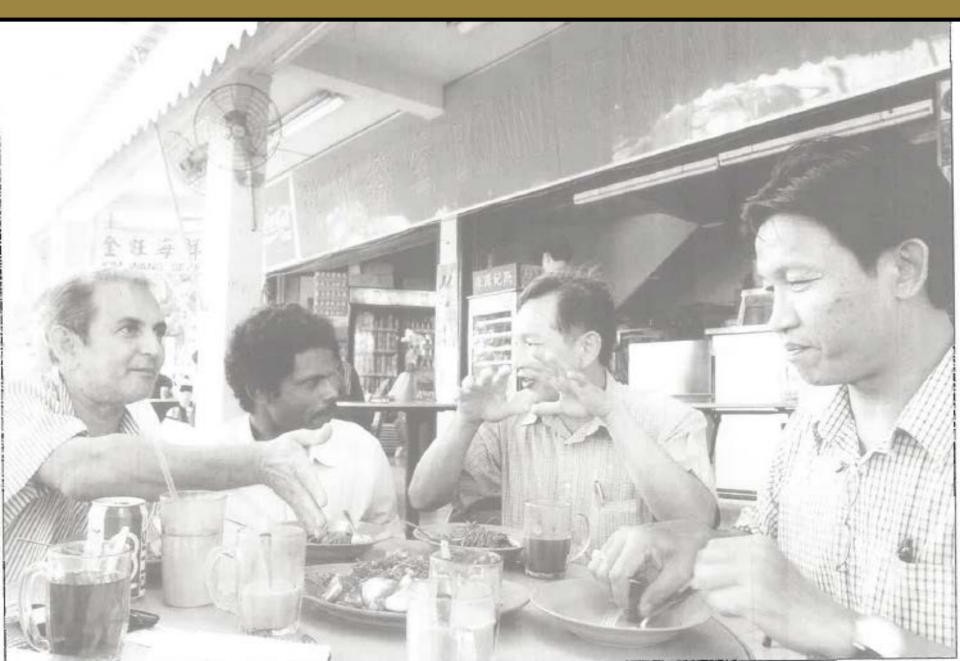
Good afternoon. Today I would like to speak about the concern that students rely too heavily on technology.
In the 21st century, technology is a fact of life, and we ignore it at our peril. As students, we want to play a full part in the modern word, and for that, it's essential that we can harness the benefits of modern technology and use it confidently. But, of course, we mustrit allow technology to take the place of essential skills. A brief personal anecdote may serve to illustrate this point.
I recently overheard my faither and uncle arguing about the use of calculators. My uncle argued that using a calculator is quick and you know the answer will always be correct.
Not necessarily! my father replied. You might key in the wrong number or the battery could go flat. You'd be stuckt People still need to know how to do the calculations themselves.'
The argument continued until they decided it was time to share the cost of their recent game of golf. My father automatically reached for his calculator.
They both burst out laughing, but it makes the point that we must see technological devices, such as calculators, as useful aids. It certainly doesn't mean that we shouldn't be taught to work things out for ourselves.
I think we have a good balance in our school. We are taught how to do mathematical calculations, both with and without a calculator. We learn how to use both the intermet and the library for research. Technology is here to stay, but we mustri's froare the amazing capabilities of our own brains. Thank you.

Part 2: Spoken Interaction

Use of video stimulus



N(T) EL ORAL (PAPER-BASED)



PART	PAPER-BASED	ICT-ENABLED
Reading Aloud	Text is printed on a piece of paper .	Text is accessed on a computer.
Spoken Interaction	Based on a visual stimulus in the form of a printed photograph	Based on a visual stimulus in the form of a video clip.
Prompts	 What do you think is the occasion shown in the picture? 	 If you were one of the swimmers in this competition, how would you feel?
	 Tell me about a good friend of yours. 	 Tell me about a sports competition you have taken part in or have watched.
	 What do you think makes a good friend? 	 Do you think people should only take part in sport for fun? Why, or why not?

Salient Considerations

Construct Validity

- To ensure that assessment design will test candidates on what they have learnt from the curriculum, so that we can have confidence in the test scores.
- Revised examination needs to measure adequately the construct of the subject,
 - i.e. reading aloud and conversation skills

ASSESSMENT CRITERIA

Reading Aloud

- Pronunciation
- Fluency
- Expressiveness

Spoken Interaction

- Personal Response
- Clarity of Expression
- Interaction

Paper passage = Onscreen passage

Video stimulus offers more authentic and richer content

- For candidates who are digital natives of the 21st century, the assessment task relates closely to the context in which it would normally be performed in real life.
- The reading passage and video stimulus, followed by open-ended conversation prompts, enhances task authenticity.
- The features of video deemed unsuitable for examination purposes were identified.
 - specifications for synopsis, subtitles, content, topics/themes

Broad guidelines for selection of video stimulus

- Duration: approximately 50s
- Based on 1 broad & accessible theme
- 3 conversation prompts → must be posed
- Real-life characters
- Authentic background music/sounds
- No extended speech

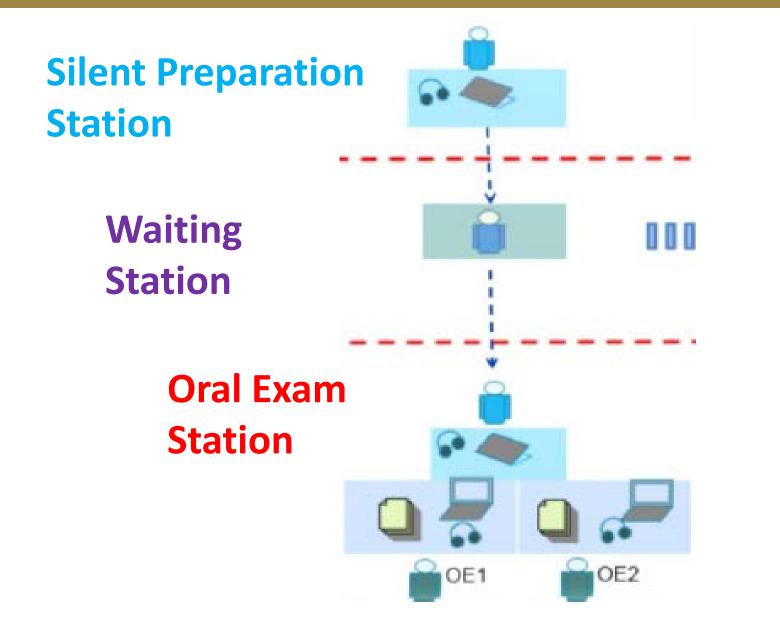
Value of Technology

Value of Technology

- Video stimulus offers a richer and more engaging context
- Visual clarity in reading passage and video stimulus
- Enhanced exam administrative procedures
- An in-built timer at preparation
- Customisable text presentation



Concerns about the use of technology



Concerns about the use of technology

Technical issues!

Lack of familiarity!

More complex test procedure!

Submit candidates' marks through the eExam system at the end of each exam day



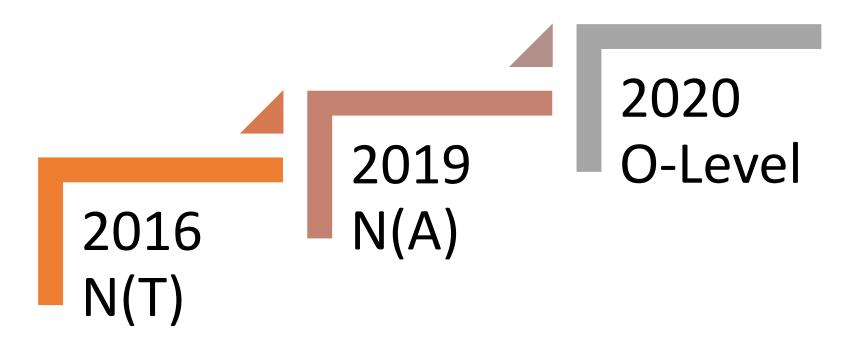
- Update the status of the absentees in the eExam system to "SUSPEND" and indicate the reason
- OEI must sync OE2's marks at the OE1 terminal
- Click on the 'PREVIEW AND SUBMIT' button: Ensure with OE2 that individual and agreed marks for each candidate is correct before submitting



- Trial studies were conducted in stages from 2009 to 2015
- In total, 1 200 students participated in the studies
- Positive feedback on use of video as a lead up to the discussion
- Trial findings were taken into consideration in designing the e-Oral examination

- Practice session in April 2016
 - Full participation of schools offering N(T) course
- Data on the 2016 and 2017 N(T) EL e-Oral exams

Year of Exam	No. of N(T) EL Candidates	Average End Time
2016	5,012	5.05 p.m.
2017	4,743	4.51 p.m.





- 2009 2011: feasibility & trial studies
- 2011: In-principle approval for the use of ICT
- 2012: Trial study comparison of paper-based & computer-based testing
- 2013: [First year of revised paper-based N(T) Level syllabus]
 - we-Learn portal for teaching, learning and assessments
 - Dry run/ Technical test on the e-oral delivery system

- 2014: Dissemination briefing for N(T) Level
- 2016: [First year of ICT-enabled N(T) Level syllabus]
 - Practice sessions before exam

STAGE 3: ICT for N(A) and O Level

- 2017: Dissemination briefing for N(A) & O-Level
- 2019: [First year of ICT-enabled N(A)-Level syllabus]
 - Practice sessions before exam
- 2020: [First year of ICT-enabled O-Level syllabus]
 - Practice sessions before exam

Online Standardisation Course for Oral Examiners (OEs)

What's new?

- Online Oral Standardisation Course
- for N(T) Level EL Oral Examiners (OEs)
- from 2018

Introduction Standardisation-cum- Exercise Information on Conduct of	STANDARDISATION-CUM-EXERCISE 1 Reading Aloud							
Oral Examinations 🗸	Instructions	Familiarisation	Standardisation					
🕼 Online Form	Recording 1							
	Click on the Play button to listen to the Band you a recording. When the recording is played, two blue buttons Mark you a indicating "Mark Scheme" and "Passage" will appear. Click on the blue buttons to toggle between the Mark Scheme and the Passage.				Select the Band	¥		
Jone Charles	Do not click on the Familiarisation Tab above or your Standardisation/Exercise attempt will be cut off.							
SEAB	The submit button will only appear when the recording has finished playing.							
	Mark Schem	e Passage						

Online Standardisation Course for Oral Examiners (OEs)

- No more external OE briefings → increased efficiency and productivity
- Immediate feedback on own assessment at the online standardisation exercise and assessment exercises → quality assurance
- Access to the online course at a time of their **convenience** on the day of standardisation

2021: online oral standardisation course for O Level OEs

2020: online oral standardisation course for N(A) Level OEs

2018: online oral standardisation course for N(T) Level OEs

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